

TOWN PLAN REVIEW COMMITTEE

January 17, 2019 4:00pm CVRPC Offices, 29 Main Street, Suite 4, Montpelier

page AGENDA

1. CALL TO ORDER

The meeting will be called to order and may include introductions.

2. CHANGES TO THE AGENDA

The Committee may identify and discuss any changes to the agenda.

3. PUBLIC COMMENTS

Time will be provided for members of the public to speak about items not on the agenda.

2-40 4. **COMMITTEE PROCESS**

- a) Review and approve the Draft Rules of Procedure, dated January 14, 2019
- b) Discuss the RPC's review and consultation regarding a municipal planning efforts:
- i. Confirmation of the municipal planning process
- ii. Review and approval of the municipal plan
- iii. Determination of optional municipal energy plan compliance

5. **OTHER BUSINESS**

As needed.

41 7. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

Draft minutes from the October 9, 2018 Town Plan Review Committee are included for consideration of approval.

8. **ADJOURNMENT**

If there is no additional business the Committee should consider a motion to adjourn.



MEMO

Date: January 14, 2019

To: Town Plan Review Committee From: Clare Rock, Senior Planner

Re: Meeting materials for January 17, 2019

ACTION REQUESTED: 1) Review the Draft Rules of Procedure, make any changes and recommend approval to the Board of Commissioners, 2) Discuss the Committee's role in review and consultation regarding a municipal planning efforts

1) Draft Rules of Procedure, dated January 14, 2019

Attached please find a revised version of the Rules of Procedure. Minor changes include formatting, removal of the TPRC acronym and removal of redundant sentences. More substantive changes include:

- Incorporation of the GENERAL ACTIVITIES section into the PURPOSE section;
- Rewording the major purpose(s) of the Committee to align with statute;
- Inclusion of statutory references (and hyperlinks); and
- Addition of municipal enhanced energy requirements.

At our meeting we can also discuss additional items such as the structure of the Municipal Plan Hearing Process and other items of your choice.

Regarding the Hearing Process – statute states that "A commission shall give approval or disapproval to a municipal plan or amendment within two months of its receipt following a final hearing" and that "Each review shall include a public hearing which is noticed at least 15 days in advance by posting in the office of the municipal clerk and at least one public place within the municipality and by publication in a newspaper or newspapers of general publication in the region affected."

CVRPC tasks the Town Plan Review Committee with reviewing the plan, holding the Hearing, and providing a recommendation to the Board of Commissioners. The Executive Committee has recommended the RPC Hearing take place within the municipality requesting approval. Staff is requesting the Committee consider whether the purpose of the Hearing is for town residents to provide input or is the purpose of the RPC hearing for the other municipalities (i.e. the other Commissioners) to provide input on a member municipalities' plan. Staff is seeking your input.

2) Review and consultation regarding a municipal planning efforts

We can review the enclosed information and discuss how the Committee would like to receive municipal information ahead of the formal hearing process. As reference:

i. Confirmation of the municipal planning process

Statute (§4350) states that:

- (a) A regional planning commission shall consult with its municipalities with respect to the municipalities' planning efforts, ascertaining the municipalities' needs as individual municipalities and as neighbors in a region, and identifying the assistance that ought to be provided by the regional planning commission. As a part of this consultation, the regional planning commission, after public notice, shall review the planning process of its member municipalities at least twice during an eight-year period, or more frequently on request of the municipality, and shall so confirm when a municipality:
- (1) is engaged in a continuing planning process that, within a reasonable time, will result in a plan that is consistent with the goals contained in section 4302 of this title;
- (2) is engaged in a process to implement its municipal plan, consistent with the program for implementation required under section 4382 of this title; and (3) is maintaining its efforts to provide local funds for municipal and regional planning purposes.

And that:

- (c) In order to retain confirmation of the planning process, a municipality shall document that it has reviewed and is actively engaged in a process to implement its adopted plan.
- (1) When assessing whether a municipality has been actively engaged in a process to implement its adopted plan, the regional planning commission shall consider the activities of local boards and commissions with regard to the preparation or adoption of bylaws and amendments; capital budgets and programs; supplemental plans; or other actions, programs, or measures undertaken or scheduled to implement the adopted plan. The regional planning commission shall also consider factors that may have hindered or delayed municipal implementation efforts.
- (2) The consultation may include guidance by the regional planning commission with regard to resources and technical support available to the municipality to implement its adopted plan and recommendations by the regional planning commission for plan amendments and for updating the plan prior to readoption under section 4387 of this title.
- (d) During the period of time when a municipal planning process is confirmed:
- (1) The municipality's plan will not be subject to review by the Commissioner of Housing and Community Development under section 4351 of this title.
- (2) State agency plans adopted under 3 V.S.A. chapter 67 shall be compatible with the municipality's approved plan.
- (3) The municipality may levy impact fees on new development within its borders, according to the provisions of chapter 131 of this title.

- (4) The municipality shall be eligible to receive additional funds from the municipal and regional planning fund.
- (e) Confirmation and approval decisions under this section shall be made by majority vote of the commissioners representing municipalities, in accordance with the bylaws of the regional planning commission.
- ➤ Also see the attached "Municipal Plan Review Tool"
- ii. Review and approval of the municipal plan

The	e RPC is tasked with finding a municipal plan is:
	consistency with the State goals established in section §4302
	compatibly with its regional plan
	compatibly with approved plans of other municipalities in the region
	containing all the elements included in section § 4382

Statute (§4302) states that:

- (f) Standard of review.
- (1) As used in this chapter, "consistent with the goals" requires substantial progress toward attainment of the goals established in this section, unless the planning body determines that a particular goal is not relevant or attainable. If such a determination is made, the planning body shall identify the goal in the plan and describe the situation, explain why the goal is not relevant or attainable, and indicate what measures should be taken to mitigate any adverse effects of not making substantial progress toward that goal. The determination of relevance or attainability shall be subject to review as part of a consistency determination under this chapter.
- (2) As used in this chapter, for one plan to be "compatible with" another, the plan in question, as implemented, will not significantly reduce the desired effect of the implementation of the other plan. If a plan, as implemented, will significantly reduce the desired effect of the other plan, the plan may be considered compatible if it includes the following:
- (A) a statement that identifies the ways that it will significantly reduce the desired effect of the other plan;
- (B) an explanation of why any incompatible portion of the plan in question is essential to the desired effect of the plan as a whole;
- (C) an explanation of why, with respect to any incompatible portion of the plan in question, there is no reasonable alternative way to achieve the desired effect of the plan; and
- (D) an explanation of how any incompatible portion of the plan in question has been structured to mitigate its detrimental effects on the implementation of the other plan.
- Also see the attached "Municipal Plan Review Tool"
- iii. Determination of optional municipal energy plan compliance

Statute (§4352) states that:

- (b) Municipal plan. If the Commissioner of Public Service has issued an affirmative determination of energy compliance for a regional plan that is in effect, a municipal legislative body within the region may submit its adopted municipal plan to the regional planning commission for issuance of a determination of energy compliance. The regional planning commission shall issue an affirmative determination, signed by the chair of the regional planning commission, on finding that the municipal plan meets the requirements of subsection (c) of this section and is consistent with the regional plan. (c) Enhanced energy planning; requirements. To obtain an affirmative determination of energy compliance under this section, a plan must: (1) in the case of a regional plan, include the energy element as described in subdivision 4348a(a)(3) of this title;
- (2) in the case of a municipal plan, include an energy element that has the same components as described in subdivision 4348a(a)(3) of this title for a regional plan and be confirmed under section 4350 of this title;
- (3) be consistent with the following, with consistency determined in the manner described under subdivision 4302(f)(1) of this title:
- (A) Vermont's greenhouse gas reduction goals under 10 V.S.A. § 578(a);
- (B) Vermont's 25 by 25 goal for renewable energy under 10 V.S.A. § 580;
- (C) Vermont's building efficiency goals under 10 V.S.A. § 581;
- (D) State energy policy under 30 V.S.A. § 202a and the recommendations for regional and municipal energy planning pertaining to the efficient use of energy and the siting and development of renewable energy resources contained in the State energy plans adopted pursuant to 30 V.S.A. §§ 202 and 202b (State energy plans); and
- (E) the distributed renewable generation and energy transformation categories of resources to meet the requirements of the Renewable Energy Standard under 30 V.S.A. §§ 8004 and 8005; and
- (4) meet the standards for issuing a determination of energy compliance included in the State energy plans
- ➤ Also see the attached "Act 174 Energy Standards Overview" and "Energy Planning Standards for Municipal Plans"

To view Title 24 Chapter 117: Municipal and Regional Planning and Development statutory requirements in their entirety check out: https://legislature.vermont.gov/statutes/title/24



TOWN PLAN REVIEW COMMITTEE

RULES OF PROCEDURE January 14, 2019 DRAFT v.1

PURPOSE: The Town Plan Review Committee (the TPRCommittee) serves in an advisory capacity to the CVRPC Board of Commissioners in the review and consultation regarding a municipal planning efforts as specified within for municipalities that are seeking regional approval of municipal development plans as noted in 24 VSA Chapter 117 §4350 (b)(2) and §4352(b) and (c) of Vermont Statute. The primary purpose of the Committee TPRC is to

- 1. Review the planning process of member municipalities to ensure the municipality is* engaged in a continuing planning process; engaged in a process to implement the plan; and is maintaining its efforts to provide local funds for planning (as per §4350(a) and (c)(1)).
- 2. Upon request by the municipality, review municipal plans for consistency with the state planning goals, as included within §4302; compatibility with the regional plan; compatibility with approval plans of other municipalities; and contains all the required elements as included within §4382 (as per §4350(b)(1)).
- 3. Upon request by the municipality, review municipal plans for consistency with the municipal enhanced energy planning requirements (as per §4352(c)).
- 4. Solicit input from staff and municipalities as needed to gather information.
- 5. Provide guidance to municipalities regarding future municipal plan updates and ways to strengthen their planning efforts.
- 6. Perovide a recommendation to the Commissioners regarding a municipality's planning efforts and consistency with state statute.

effort to comply with the statutory requirements regarding municipal planning as noted in 24 VSA Chapter 117 §4382 related to the elements of a municipal development plan, compliance with statutory planning goals as noted in 24 VSA Chapter 117 §4302, confirm that the municipality is actively supporting a planning process, and consistency of municipal planning efforts with the regional plan.

GENERAL ACTIVITIES:

◆ Evaluate municipal development plans and planning processes when requested to determine consistency with statutory requirements and the regional plan.

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29 Main Street Suite 4 Montpelier Vermont 05602 802-229-0389 E Mail: CVRPC@CVRegion.com

- Provide input and recommendations to the Board of Commissioners regarding municipal development plans that request regional approval.
- Solicit input from staff and municipalities as needed to gather information and provide a recommendation to the Board of Commissioners regarding consistency with state statute.
- Provide guidance to municipalities regarding future municipal plan updates and ways to strengthen their planning efforts.

ADVISORY ROLE: The Committee TPRC-shall be advisory to the Board of Commissioners and shall-provide a recommendation to the Commissioners regarding a municipality's planning efforts and consistency with state statute. —The Committee TPRC-maywill offer advice, input, and opinions to municipalities, consistent with plans, policies, positions or resolutions adopted by the Board of Commissioners. The advice, input, and opinions provided by the Committee TPRC-may be reviewed, confirmed or reversed by the CVRPC Board of Commissioners at the Board's discretion.

MEMBERSHIP: The <u>Committee TPRC</u>-shall consist of five (5) representatives of the Board of Commissioners who serve one year terms and are appointed annually.

OFFICERS/ELECTIONS: The <u>Committee TPRC</u> will elect a Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson at the first meeting following the annual appointment by the Board of Commissioners. The Chair will be responsible for running meetings, setting agendas in conjunction with staff, and representing the <u>Committee TPRC</u> at various meetings as needed. The Vice-Chair will provide support to the Chair as needed. If the Chair or Vice-Chair should resign before his/her term is expired, an interim election shall be held within two meetings.

ATTENDANCE AND QUORUMS: Members are encouraged to attend all regular meetings and special meetings as they arise. A quorum shall consist of a majority of the voting members.

COMMUNICATION AND COORDINATION:

- Meetings shall be noticed and held in accordance with Vermont Open Meeting Law and as specified within §4350...
- Draft policies and resolutions shall be forwarded to <u>Committee TPRC</u>-members and interested/affected parties for comment before a recommendation by the <u>Committee</u> <u>TPRC</u>-for final action/approval by the Board of Commissioners.
- Minutes of all regular and special meetings will be prepared by staff, distributed to <u>Committee TPRC</u>-members and interested parties, and made available to the public in accordance with open meeting and public records law described in 1 VSA.

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- The Committee TPRC will report on committee discussions or activities to the Board of Commissioners on a regular basis.
- Committee TPRC members are encouraged to offer input on all matters before the Committee TPRC, and are encouraged to bring up items of local or regional concern for Committee TPRC consideration.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST: In the event any Committee TPRC member has a personal or financial interest with any individual, partnership, firm or corporation seeking to contract with the CVRPC, or to provide materials or labor thereto, or has a personal or financial interest in any matter being considered by the Committee-TPRC, the member shall state on the record the nature of his or her interest. If the member is uncertain whether he/she should participate in the discussion or decision, the Committee TPRC shall determine by vote whether the member should participate. The Committee TPRC may also make a determination of conflict if the majority of voting Committee TPRC members in attendance at the meeting determine a conflict of interest exists. A member of the Committee TPRC-with an identified conflict of interest shall not deliberate or vote with the Committee TPRC but may participate in the open public discussion.

ADOPTION OF ORGANIZATIONAL PROCEDURES: The Committee TPRC may, at any time, vote to amend these procedures, in accordance with quorum requirements noted above. Proposed amendments will be forwarded to Committee TPRC members before consideration at a regular Committee TPRC meeting. Amendments will then be forwarded to the Board of Commissioners for ratification.

The Committee TPRC is a standing committee of the Regional Planning Commission, and is therefore subject to the Commission's bylaws. As such, these Rules of Procedure, combined with the Central Vermont Regional Planning Commission's bylaws and Robert's Rules of Order, provide procedural and administrative guidance for the TPRC.

Adopted by the Board of Commissioners:	/	/ 201 <mark>97</mark>
Tulie Potter Chair		

CVRPC Town Plan Review Committee Rules of Procedure January 14, 2019

CVRPC Board of Commissioners

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Municipal Plan Review Tool

Municipality:	Plan date:	Staff:	Date:
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This form addresses the statutory requirements of the State of Vermont for town plans, as cited in the Vermont Municipal and Regional Planning and Development Act, Title 24 V.S.A Chapter 117 (the Act). It includes the 12 required elements found in § 4382 of the Act; the four planning process goals found in § 4302(b), the 14 specific goals found in § 4302(c); and the standard of review found in § 4302(f), which covers consistency with goals and compatibility standards.

During the Regional approval and confirmation process, specified in § 4350 of the Act, the regional planning commission is required to assess town plans and the process whereby they are developed according to the criteria of the Act. Sections of relevant statute are quoted at each question.

	Required Elements § 4382	Met	Not Met
1	Statement of Objectives, Policies, Programs		
2	Land Use Plan and Map		
3	Transportation Plan and Map		
4	Utility and Facility Plan and Map		
5	Rare Natural Resources/Historic Resources		
6	Educational Facilities Plan and Map		
7	Implementation Program		
8	Compatibility Statement		
9	Energy Plan		
10	Housing Element		
11	Economic Development Element		
12	Flood Resiliency Plan		
	State Diaming Cools 5 4202	Met	Not Met
1	State Planning Goals § 4302 Compact village centers	ıνιει Π	
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2	Education		
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4	Transportation		
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4 5 6 7	Transportation Natural and Historic Resources Quality of air, water, wildlife, and land resources Efficient use of Energy and Renewable Energy Resources		
4 5 6 7 8	Transportation Natural and Historic Resources Quality of air, water, wildlife, and land resources Efficient use of Energy and Renewable Energy Resources Recreation		
4 5 6 7 8 9	Transportation Natural and Historic Resources Quality of air, water, wildlife, and land resources Efficient use of Energy and Renewable Energy Resources Recreation Agriculture and Forest Industries		
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Transportation Natural and Historic Resources Quality of air, water, wildlife, and land resources Efficient use of Energy and Renewable Energy Resources Recreation Agriculture and Forest Industries Use of Resources and Earth Extraction		
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Transportation Natural and Historic Resources Quality of air, water, wildlife, and land resources Efficient use of Energy and Renewable Energy Resources Recreation Agriculture and Forest Industries Use of Resources and Earth Extraction Safe and Affordable Housing		
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Transportation Natural and Historic Resources Quality of air, water, wildlife, and land resources Efficient use of Energy and Renewable Energy Resources Recreation Agriculture and Forest Industries Use of Resources and Earth Extraction Safe and Affordable Housing Public Facilities and services		
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Transportation Natural and Historic Resources Quality of air, water, wildlife, and land resources Efficient use of Energy and Renewable Energy Resources Recreation Agriculture and Forest Industries Use of Resources and Earth Extraction Safe and Affordable Housing		

MUNICIPAL PLAN REQUIRED ELEMENTS

Title 24 Chapter 117: Municipal and Regional Planning and Development 24 V.S.A. § 4382. The plan for a municipality

- (a) A plan for a municipality may be consistent with the goals established in section 4302 of this title and compatible with approved plans of other municipalities in the region and with the regional plan and shall include the following:
- (1) A statement of objectives, policies and programs of the municipality to guide the future growth and development of land, public services and facilities, and to protect the environment.

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- (2) A land use plan, which shall consist of a map and statement of present and prospective land uses, that:
 - (A) Indicates those areas proposed for forests, recreation, agriculture (using the agricultural lands identification process established in 6 V.S.A. § 8), residence, commerce, industry, public, and semi-public uses, and open spaces, areas reserved for flood plain, and areas identified by the State, the regional planning commission, or the municipality that require special consideration for aquifer protection; for wetland protection; for the maintenance of forest blocks, wildlife habitat, and habitat connectors; or for other conservation purposes.
 - (B) Sets forth the present and prospective location, amount, intensity, and character of such land uses and the appropriate timing or sequence of land development activities in relation to the provision of necessary community facilities and service.
 - (C) Identifies those areas, if any, proposed for designation under chapter 76A of this title, together with, for each area proposed for designation, an explanation of how the designation would further the plan's goals and the goals of section 4302 of this title, and how the area meets the requirements for the type of designation to be sought.
 - (D) Indicates those areas that are important as forest blocks and habitat connectors and plans for land development in those areas to minimize forest fragmentation and promote the health, viability, and ecological function of forests. A plan may include specific policies to encourage the active management of those areas for wildlife habitat, water quality, timber production, recreation, or other values or functions identified by the municipality.

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Pages:	
Choose an item. Pages: MAPS Present Land Use Plan Prospective Land Use Plan	

(3) A transportation plan, consisting of a map and statement of present and prospective transportation and circulation facilities showing existing and proposed highways and streets by type and character of improvement, and where pertinent, parking facilities, transit routes, terminals, bicycle paths and trails, scenic roads, airports, railroads and port facilities, and other similar facilities or uses, with indications of priority of need;	Choose an item. Pages: MAP Transportation □
Comments:	
(4) A utility and facility plan, consisting of a map and statement of present and prospective community facilities and public utilities showing existing and proposed educational, recreational and other public sites, buildings and facilities, including hospitals, libraries, power generating plants and transmission lines, water supply, sewage disposal, refuse disposal, storm drainage and other similar facilities and activities, and recommendations to	Choose an item. Pages: MAP Utility and Facility □
meet future needs for community facilities and services, with indications of priority of need, costs and method of financing;	
Comments:	
(5) A statement of policies on the preservation of rare and irreplaceable natural areas, scenic and historic features and resources;	Choose an item. Pages:
Comments:	
(6) An educational facilities plan consisting of a map and statement of present	Choose an item.
and projected uses and the local public school system;	Pages:
Comments:	MAP Educational Facility □
(7) A recommended program for the implementation of the objectives of	
the development plan;	Choose an item. Pages:
Comments:	I ugeo.
(8) A statement indicating how the plan relates to development trends	Change on Harr
and plans of adjacent municipalities, areas and the region developed under this title;	Choose an item. Pages:
Comments:	,

(9) An energy plan, including an analysis of energy resources, needs, scarcities, costs and problems within the municipality, a statement of policy on the conservation of energy, including programs, such as thermal integrity standards for buildings, to implement that policy, a statement of policy on the development of renewable energy resources, a statement of policy on patterns and densities of land use likely to result in conservation of energy;

Choose an item. Pages:

Comments:

(10) A housing element that shall include a recommended program for addressing low and moderate income persons' housing needs as identified by the regional planning commission pursuant to subdivision 4348a(a)(9) of this title. The program should account for permitted accessory dwelling units, as defined in subdivision 4412(1)(E) of this title, which provide affordable housing.

From the Central Vermont Regional Plan 2016, Adopted June 12, 2018: The Regional Housing Distribution Plan is intended to be used by municipalities when updating their land use plans and regulations.

- Town Plans adopted after January 1, 2009 are expected to incorporate this Housing Distribution Plan into their town plan housing element.
- The Regional Planning Commission has established a town-by-town housing distribution plan at least 15 years into the future. The formula and allocation will be reviewed and updated with each Regional Plan's five year update.
- Town plans shall contain a detailed map or maps of the town showing the town's preferred locations for future housing units consistent with current or proposed zoning* for 80 percent of the anticipated 10 to 15 year housing demand. ("Demand" is the difference between the number of units at the time of town plan approval and the Housing Distribution number at least 10 years thereafter.)
- Town plans shall also provide mapping updates that identify the locations and number of housing units created in the town since the previous town plan adoption.
- Towns and cities are required to demonstrate the community's intent to meet the proposed housing unit numbers laid out in the Housing Distribution

Plan or to describe in detail the obstacles that make attainment impossible. CVRPC will consider the planning effort to encourage housing development in relation to the Housing Distribution Plan when approving a municipal plan.

Comments:

Choose an item. Pages:

(11) An economic development element that describes present economic conditions and the location, type, and scale of desired economic development, and identifies policies, projects, and programs necessary to foster economic growth.

Choose an item. Pages:

Comments:

(12)(A) A flood resilience plan that:

- (i) identifies flood hazard and fluvial erosion hazard areas, based on river corridor maps provided by the Secretary of Natural Resources pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 1428(a) or maps recommended by the Secretary, and designates those areas to be protected, including floodplains, river corridors, land adjacent to streams, wetlands, and upland forests, to reduce the risk of flood damage to infrastructure and improved property; and
- (ii) recommends policies and strategies to protect the areas identified and designated under subdivision (12)(A)(i) of this subsection and to mitigate risks to public safety, critical infrastructure, historic structures, and municipal investments.
- (B) A flood resilience plan may reference an existing local hazard mitigation plan approved under 44 C.F.R. § 201.6.

Choose an item. Pages:

Comments:

- (b) The maps called for by this section may be incorporated on one or more maps, and may be referred to in each separate statement called for by this section.
- (c) Where appropriate, and to further the purposes of subsection 4302(b) of this title, a municipal plan shall be based upon inventories, studies, and analyses of current trends and shall consider the probable social and economic consequences of the proposed plan. Such studies may consider or contain, but not be limited to:
 - (1) population characteristics and distribution, including income and employment;
 - (2) the existing and projected housing needs by amount, type, and location for all economic groups within the municipality and the region;
 - (3) existing and estimated patterns and rates of growth in the various land use classifications, and desired patterns and rates of growth in terms of the community's ability to finance and provide public facilities and services.

GOALS AND STANDARDS OF REVIEW

GOALS

24 VSA § 4302

- (a) General purposes . . .
- (b) It is also the intent of the legislature that municipalities, regional planning commissions and state agencies shall engage in a continuing planning process that will further the following goals:
 - (1) To establish a coordinated, comprehensive planning process and policy framework to guide decisions by municipalities, regional planning commissions, and state agencies.
 - (2) To encourage citizen participation at all levels of the planning process, and to assure that decisions shall be made at the most local level possible commensurate with their impact.
 - (3) To consider the use of resources and the consequences of growth and development for the region and the state, as well as the community in which it takes place.
 - (4) To encourage and assist municipalities to work creatively together to develop and implement plans.
- (c) In addition, this chapter shall be used to further the following specific goals:

Goal 1:

To plan development so as to maintain the historic settlement pattern of compact village and urban centers separated by rural countryside.

Choose an item. Pages:

- (A) Intensive residential development should be encouraged primarily in areas related to community centers, and strip development along highways should be discouraged.
- (B) Economic growth should be encouraged in locally designated growth areas, or employed to revitalize existing village and urban centers, or both.
- (C) Public investments, including construction or expansion of infrastructure, should reinforce the general character and planned growth patterns of the area.
- (D) Development should be undertaken in accordance with smart growth principles as defined in subdivision 2791(13) of this title.

How has the Town Plan addressed this goal:

If the goal is not relevant or attainable, how does the plan address why:

Goal 2:

To provide a strong and diverse economy that provides satisfying and rewarding job opportunities and that maintains high environmental standards, and to expand economic opportunities in areas with high unemployment or low per capita incomes.

Choose an item.

Pages:

How has the Town Plan addressed this goal:

If the goal is not relevant or attainable, how does the plan address why:

Goal 3:

To broaden access to educational and vocational training opportunities sufficient to ensure the full realization of the abilities of all Vermonters.

Choose an item.

Pages:

How has the Town Plan addressed this goal:

If the goal is not relevant or attainable, how does the plan address why:

Goal 4:

To provide for safe, convenient, economic and energy efficient transportation systems that respect the integrity of the natural environment, including public transit options and paths for pedestrians and bicyclers.

Choose an item.

Pages:

(A) Highways, air, rail and other means of transportation should be mutually supportive, balanced and integrated.

How has the Town Plan addressed this goal:

If the goal is not relevant or attainable, how does the plan address why:

Goal 5:

To identify, protect and preserve important natural and historic features of the Vermont landscape including:

- (A) significant natural and fragile areas;
- (B) outstanding water resources, including lakes, rivers, aquifers, shorelands and wetlands;
- (C) significant scenic roads, waterways and views;
- (D) important historic structures, sites, or districts, archaeological sites and archaeologically sensitive areas

How has the Town Plan addressed this goal:

If the goal is not relevant or attainable, how does the plan address why:

Goal 6:

To maintain and improve the quality of air, water, wildlife and land resources.

- (A) Vermont's air, water, wildlife, mineral, and land resources should be planned for use and development according to the principles set forth in 10 V.S.A. § 6086(a).
- (B) Vermont's water quality should be maintained and improved according to the policies and actions developed in the basin plans established by the Secretary of Natural Resources under 10 V.S.A. § 1253.
- (C) Vermont's forestlands should be managed so as to maintain and improve forest blocks and habitat connectors

How has the Town Plan addressed this goal:

If the goal is not relevant or attainable, how does the plan address why:

Choose an item. Pages:

Choose an item. Pages:

Goal 7:

To encourage the efficient use of energy and the development of renewable energy resources.

(A) General strategies for achieving these goals include increasing the energy efficiency of new and existing buildings; identifying areas suitable for renewable energy generation; encouraging the use and development of renewable or lower emission energy sources for electricity, heat, and transportation; and reducing transportation energy demand and single occupancy vehicle use.

(B) Specific strategies and recommendations for achieving these goals are identified in the State energy plans prepared under 30 V.S.A. §§ 202 and 202b

Choose an item. Pages:

How has the Town Plan addressed this goal:

If the goal is not relevant or attainable, how does the plan address why:

Goal 8:

To maintain and enhance recreational opportunities for Vermont residents and visitors.

- (A) Growth should not significantly diminish the value and availability of outdoor recreational activities.
- (B) Public access to noncommercial outdoor recreational opportunities, such as lakes and hiking trails, should be identified, provided, and protected wherever appropriate.

How has the Town Plan addressed this goal:

If the goal is not relevant or attainable, how does the plan address why:

Goal 9:

To encourage and strengthen agricultural and forest industries.

- (A) Strategies to protect long-term viability of agricultural and forest lands should be encouraged and should include maintaining low overall density.
- (B) The manufacture and marketing of value added agricultural and forest products should be encouraged.
- (C) The use of locally-grown food products should be encouraged.

Choose an item. Pages:

Choose an item. Pages:

- (D) Sound forest and agricultural management practices should be encouraged.
- (E) Public investment should be planned so as to minimize development pressure on agricultural and forest land.

How has the Town Plan addressed this goal:

If the goal is not relevant or attainable, how does the plan address why:

Goal 10:

To provide for the wise and efficient use of Vermont's natural resources and to facilitate the appropriate extraction of earth resources and the proper restoration and preservation of the aesthetic qualities of the area.

Choose an item. Pages:

How has the Town Plan addressed this goal:

If the goal is not relevant or attainable, how does the plan address why:

Goal 11:

To ensure the availability of safe and affordable housing for all Vermonters.

- (A) Housing should be encouraged to meet the needs of a diversity of social and income groups in each Vermont community, particularly for those citizens of low and moderate income.
- (B) New and rehabilitated housing should be safe, sanitary, located conveniently to employment and commercial centers, and coordinated with the provision of necessary public facilities and utilities.
- (C) Sites for multi-family and manufactured housing should readily available in locations similar to those generally used for single-family conventional dwellings.
- (D) Accessory apartments within or attached to single family residences which provide affordable housing in close proximity to cost-effective care and supervision for relatives or disabled or elderly persons should be allowed.

How has the Town Plan addressed this goal:

If the goal is not relevant or attainable, how does the plan address why:

Choose an item.

Pages:

Goal 12:

To plan for, finance and provide an efficient system of public facilities and services to meet future needs.

Choose an item. Pages:

- (A) Public facilities and services should include fire and police protection, emergency medical services, schools, water supply and sewage and solid waste disposal.
- (B) The rate of growth should not exceed the ability of the community and the area to provide facilities and services.

How has the Town Plan addressed this goal:

If the goal is not relevant or attainable, how does the plan address why:

Goal 13:

To ensure the availability of safe and affordable child care and to integrate child care issues into the planning process, including child care financing, infrastructure, business assistance for child care providers, and child care work force development.

Choose an item. Pages:

How has the Town Plan addressed this goal:

If the goal is not relevant or attainable, how does the plan address why:

Goal 14:

To encourage flood resilient communities.

- (A) New development in identified flood hazard, fluvial erosion, and river corridor protection areas should be avoided. If new development is to be built in such areas, it should not exacerbate flooding and fluvial erosion.
- (B) The protection and restoration of floodplains and upland forested areas that attenuate and moderate flooding and fluvial erosion should be encouraged.
- (C) Flood emergency preparedness and response planning should be encouraged.

How has the Town Plan addressed this goal:

If the goal is not relevant or attainable, how does the plan address why:

Choose an item.

Pages:

STANDARD OF REVIEW

24 V.S.A. § 4302(f)

- (1) As used in this chapter, "consistent with the goals" requires substantial progress toward attainment of the goals established in this section, unless the planning body determines that a particular goal is not relevant or attainable. If such a determination is made, the planning body shall identify the goal in the plan and describe the situation, explain why the goal is not relevant or attainable, and indicate what measures should be taken to mitigate any adverse effects of not making substantial progress toward that goal. The determination of relevance or attainability shall be subject to review as part of a consistency determination under this chapter.
- (2) As used in this chapter, for one plan to be "compatible with" another, the plan in question, as implemented, will not significantly reduce the desired effect of the implementation of the other plan. If a plan, as implemented, will significantly reduce the desired effect of the other plan, the plan may be considered compatible if it includes the following:
 - (A) a statement that identifies the ways that it will significantly reduce the desired effect of the other plan;
 - (B) an explanation of why any incompatible portion of the plan in question is essential to the desired effect of the plan as a whole;
 - (C) an explanation of why, with respect to any incompatible portion of the plan in question, there is no reasonable alternative way to achieve the desired effect of the plan, and
 - (D) an explanation of how any incompatible portion of the plan in question has been structured to mitigate its detrimental effects on the implementation of the other plan.

24 V.S.A. § 4350. Review and consultation regarding municipal planning effort

- (a) A regional planning commission shall consult with its municipalities with respect to the municipalities' planning efforts, ascertaining the municipalities' needs as individual municipalities and as neighbors in a region, and identifying the assistance that ought to be provided by the regional planning commission. As a part of this consultation, the regional planning commission, after public notice, shall review the planning process of its member municipalities at least twice during an eight-year period, or more frequently on request of the municipality, and shall so confirm when a municipality:
 - (1) is engaged in a continuing planning process that, within a reasonable time, will result in a plan which is consistent with the goals contained in section 4302 of this title; and
 - (2) is maintaining its efforts to provide local funds for municipal and regional planning purposes.
- (b)(1) As part of the consultation process, the commission shall consider whether a municipality has adopted a plan. In order to obtain or retain confirmation of the planning process after January 1, 1996, a municipality must have an approved plan. A regional planning commission shall review and approve plans of its member municipalities, when approval is requested and warranted. Each review shall

include a public hearing which is noticed at least 15 days in advance by posting in the office of the municipal clerk and at least one public place within the municipality and by publication in a newspaper or newspapers of general publication in the region affected. The commission shall approve a plan if it finds that the plan:

- (A) is consistent with the goals established in section 4302 of this title;
- (B) is compatible with its regional plan;
- (C) is compatible with approved plans of other municipalities in the region; and
- (D) contains all the elements included in subdivisions 4382(a)(1)-(10) of this title.

The following are procedures for Regional Planning Commission review of town plans. The first procedure pertains to review of town plan re-adoptions and town plan amendments. The second is an alternate procedure for review of town plan amendments. For review of amendments, it is up to the discretion of the Regional Planning Commission as to which procedure will be used.

Town Plan Review & Approval Process The following may be used for town plan re-adoption reviews as well as town plan amendment reviews

- 1. The regional planning commission (RPC) receives a request for town plan approval.
- 2. If the staff review reveals a flaw that would preclude RPC approval, the town will be notified. It is the town's option as to whether they want a final decision on the plan or if the plan should be withdrawn from the approval process.
- 3. Staff comments, including draft findings and recommendations, will be provided to the committee or board given responsibility by the RPC's bylaws for town plan approval.
- 4. The RPC's public hearing will be held before the RPC makes its final decision on the plan.
- 5. In all cases the RPC will take final action on the plan approval request within 60 days of its receipt.

Town Plan Amendment Review Process This is an alternative procedure for town plan amendment reviews

- 1. The regional planning commission (RPC) receives a request to review an amendment to the town plan.
- 2. Staff comments, including draft findings and recommendations, will be provided to the committee or board given responsibility by the RPC's bylaws for town plan approval.
- 3. The town will be notified whether or not the amendment may be approved within the context of the current regional approval of the town plan, or if the amendment constitutes a material change to the plan that is beyond the scope of the current regional approval.
- 4. If the amendment constitutes a change to the plan that is beyond the scope of the current regional approval, the town will be given the option of submitting the amended plan for regional approval.

Energy Planning Standards for Municipal Plans

Instructions

Before proceeding, please review the requirements of Parts I and II below, as well as the Overview document. Submitting a Municipal Plan for review under the standards below is entirely voluntary, as enabled under Act 174, the Energy Development Improvement Act of 2016. If a Municipal Plan meets the standards, it will be given an affirmative "determination of energy compliance," and will be given "substantial deference" in the Public Service Board's review of whether an energy project meets the orderly development criterion in the Section 248 process. Specifically, with respect to an in-state electric generation facility, the Board:

[S]hall give substantial deference to the land conservation measures and specific policies contained in a duly adopted regional and municipal plan that has received an affirmative determination of energy compliance under 24 V.S.A. § 4352. In this subdivision (C), "substantial deference" means that a land conservation measure or specific policy shall be applied in accordance with its terms unless there is a clear and convincing demonstration that other factors affecting the general good of the State outweigh the application of the measure or policy. The term shall not include consideration of whether the determination of energy compliance should or should not have been affirmative under 24 V.S.A. § 4352.

Municipal Plans should be submitted by the municipality's legislative body to the Regional Planning Commission (RPC) if the Regional Plan has received an affirmative determination of energy compliance. If a Regional Plan has not received such a determination, until July 1, 2018¹, a municipality may submit its adopted and approved Municipal Plan to the Department of Public Service (DPS) for a determination of energy compliance (determination), along with the completed checklist below. After a Municipal Plan and completed checklist have been submitted to the RPC (or DPS), the RPC or DPS will schedule a public hearing noticed at least 15 days in advance by direct mail to the requesting municipal legislative body, on the RPC or DPS website, and in a newspaper of general publication in the municipality. The RPC or DPS shall issue a determination in writing within two months of the receipt of a request. If the determination is negative, the RPC or DPS shall state the reasons for the denial in writing and, if appropriate, suggest acceptable modifications. Submissions for a new determination following a negative determination shall receive a new determination within 45 days.

The plans that Municipalities submit must:

- Be adopted
- Be confirmed under 24 V.S.A. § 4350
- Include an energy element that has the same components as described in 24 V.S.A. § 4348a(a)(3)
- Be consistent with state energy policy (described below), in the manner described in 24 V.S.A. § 4302(f)(1)
- Meet all standards for issuing a determination of energy compliance (see below)

¹ These standards will be revised after July 1, 2018 to reflect that Municipal Plans should be submitted only to the Regional Planning Commissions – which will all have had an opportunity to seek a determination of energy compliance – from that point forward.

Municipalities are encouraged to consult with their reviewer (either their RPC or DPS) before undertaking the process of plan adoption, which may help in identifying any deficiencies or inconsistencies with the standards or other requirements that would be more difficult to remedy after a plan has gone through the formal adoption process.

The state's Comprehensive Energy Plan (CEP) is revised on a 6-year basis. When the next CEP is published in 2022, it will include a revised set of standards, as well as Recommendations that are customized to regions and municipalities. The Recommendations that accompany this initial set of Standards represent a subset of recommendations from the 2016 CEP, which were not written with regions and municipalities specifically in mind. A Guidance document – which is expected to evolve as best practices from regions and municipalities emerge – will be published shortly after the Standards are issued. It will serve as the warehouse for relevant recommendations from the 2016 CEP, links to data sources, instructions on conducting analysis and mapping, and sample language/best practices. Once issued and until the 2022 CEP is published, this Guidance document will supplant the Recommendations document.

Affirmative determinations last for the life cycle of a revision of the Municipal Plan, and Municipal Plans that are submitted after the 2022 CEP is issued will be expected to meet the Standards that are issued at that time. Municipalities are encouraged to consult with their RPC or DPS regarding interim amendments that might affect any of the standards below, to discuss whether a new review is triggered.

If you wish to submit your Municipal Plan to your RPC or to DPS for a determination, please read closely the specific instructions at the start of each section below, and attach your Municipal Plan to this checklist.

Determination requests to an RPC (and any other questions) should be submitted to your RPC's designated contact. Determination requests to DPS until July 1, 2018 – and only for municipalities whose Regions' plans have not received an affirmative determination – should be submitted to: PSD.PlanningStandards@vermont.gov.

Part I: Applicant Information		
The plan being submitted for review is a:	☐ Municipal Plan in a region whose regional plan has received an affirmative determination of energy compliance from the Commissioner of Public Service	□ Municipal Plan in a region whose regional plan has <u>not</u> received a determination of energy compliance
		Until July 1, 2018, please submit these to the DPS.
	Please submit these plans to your RPC	After July 1, 2018, this option ceases to exist.
Applicant:		
Contact person:		
Contact information:		
Received by:	Date:	

Part II: Determination Standards Checklist

The checklist below will be used to evaluate your plan's consistency with statutory requirements under Act 174, including the requirement to be adopted and approved, contain an enhanced energy element, be consistent with state energy policy, and meet a set of standards designed to ensure consistency with state energy goals and policies.

Please review and attach your plan (or adopted energy element/plan, along with supporting documentation) and self-evaluate whether it contains the following components. Use the Notes column to briefly describe how your plan is consistent with the standard, including relevant page references (you may include additional pages to expand upon Notes). If you feel a standard is not relevant or attainable, please check N/A where it is available and use the Notes column to describe the situation, explaining why the standard is not relevant or attainable, and indicate what measures your municipality is taking instead to mitigate any adverse effects of not making substantial progress toward this standard. If N/A is not made available, the standard must be met (unless the instructions for that standard indicate otherwise) and checked "Yes" in order to receive an affirmative determination. There is no penalty for checking (or limit on the number of times you may check) N/A where it is available, as long as a reasonable justification is provided in the Notes column.

	PΙ	an Ac	loption	Requirement	
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Act 174 requires that municipal plans be adopted and approved in order to qualify for a determination of energy compliance. In the near term, it is likely municipalities will revise and submit isolated energy plans or elements, particularly due to long planning cycles. Therefore, the plan adoption requirement can be met through an amendment to an existing plan in the form of an energy element or energy plan, as long as the amendment or plan itself is duly adopted as part of the municipal plan and incorporated by reference or appended to the underlying, full plan (i.e., is officially "in" the municipal plan), as well as approved for confirmation with the region. If this route is chosen, the municipality should also attach the planning commission report required for plan amendments under 24 V.S.A. § 4384, which should address the internal consistency of the energy plan/element with other related elements of the underlying plan (particularly Transportation and Land Use), and/or whether the energy plan/element supersedes language in those other elements. Standards 1 and 2 below must be answered in the affirmative in order for a plan to receive an affirmative determination of energy compliance.

1. Has your plan been duly adopted and approved for confirmation according to 24 V.S.A. § 4350?	☐ Yes. Adoption date:	□ No	
	Confirmation date:		
2. Is a copy of the plan (or adopted energy element/plan, along with underlying plan and planning commission report addressing consistency of energy element/plan with other elements of underlying plan) attached to this checklist?	☐ Yes	□ No	

Energy Element Requirement

To obtain a determination of energy compliance, Act 174 requires municipalities to include an "energy element" that contains the same <u>components</u> described in 24 V.S.A. § 4348a(a)(3), which was revised through Act 174 to explicitly address energy across all sectors and to identify potential and unsuitable areas for siting renewable energy resources:

An energy element, which may include an <u>analysis</u> of <u>resources</u>, <u>needs</u>, <u>scarcities</u>, <u>costs</u>, <u>and problems within the region across</u> all energy sectors, including electric, thermal, and transportation; a statement of policy on the conservation and efficient use of energy and the development and siting of renewable energy resources; a statement of policy on patterns and densities of land use likely to result in conservation of energy; and an identification of potential areas for the development and siting of renewable energy resources and areas that are unsuitable for siting those resources or particular categories or sizes of those resources.

The standards below are generally organized to integrate each component of the enhanced energy element with related determination standards that evaluate the plan's consistency with state goals and policies. **Energy element components are identified in bolded text.**

While municipalities may choose to primarily address energy used for heating, transportation, and electricity in the required energy element, they may also choose to address some of these components in related plan elements (e.g., Transportation and Land Use) and should indicate as much in the Notes column. To the extent an energy element is designed to comprehensively address energy, it should be complementary to and reference other relevant plan elements.

3. Does the plan contain an energy element, that contains the same components described in 24 V.S.A. § 4348a(a)(3)?	☐ Yes	□No	Page:
Individual components of the energy element will be evaluated through the			
standards below.			

Consistency with State Goals and Policies Requirement

Act 174 states that regional and municipal plans must be consistent with the following state goals and policies:

- Greenhouse gas reduction goals under 10 V.S.A. § 578(a) (50% from 1990 levels by 2028; 75% by 2050)
- The 25 x 25 goal for renewable energy under 10 V.S.A. § 580 (25% in-state renewables supply for all energy uses by 2025)
- Building efficiency goals under 10 V.S.A. § 581 (25% of homes or 80,000 units made efficient by 2020)
- State energy policy under 30 V.S.A. § 202a and the recommendations for regional and municipal planning pertaining to the efficient use of energy and the siting and development of renewable energy resources contained in the State energy plans adopted pursuant to 30 V.S.A. §§ 202 and 202b
- The distributed renewable generation and energy transformation categories of resources to meet the requirements of the Renewable Energy Standard under 30 V.S.A. §§ 8004 and 8005

The standards in the checklist below will be used to determine whether a plan is consistent with these goals and policies. The standards are broken out by category. *Analysis and Targets* standards address how energy analyses are done within plans, and whether targets are established for energy conservation, efficiency, fuel switching, and use of renewable energy across sectors. *Pathways (Implementation Actions)* standards address the identification of suitable and unsuitable areas for the development of renewable energy.

Municipalities may choose to incorporate the information necessary to meet the standards in their energy elements, and/or in other sections of their plans (many transportation items may fit best in the Transportation chapters of plans, for instance). However, plans must be internally consistent, and applicants should cross-reference wherever possible.

Analysis and Targets Standards

For the *Analysis & Targets* determination standards below, municipalities will be provided with analyses and targets derived from regional analyses and targets no later than April 30, 2017 (and likely much sooner). Municipalities may choose to rely on these "municipalized" analyses and targets to meet the standards in this section. Municipalities which elect to use the analysis and targets provided by a region will be presumed to have met the standards in this section. Alternatively, municipalities may develop their own custom analyses and targets or supplement the analyses and targets provided by the regions with specific local data; if this option is chosen, the analysis and targets must include all of the same components and meet the standards required of regions, as described below.

For municipalities that choose to undertake their own analysis and target-setting (and for regions), DPS is providing a guidance document to explain the expected level of detail in and data sources and methodologies available for meeting the standards (including areas where it is understood data at the municipal level is unavailable, and therefore not expected). Note that standards 5A-4E are all derived directly from requirements in Act 174 (with minor modifications to make them feasible) and must be met affirmatively in order for a municipal plan to receive an affirmative determination of energy compliance.

Targets set by regions and municipalities should be aligned with state energy policy (see the goals and policies listed above). Where targets (and efforts to reach them) depart significantly from state energy goals and policies, an explanation for how the plan otherwise achieves the intent of the state goal or policy should be provided. The guidance document also offers additional clarification on alignment with state goals and policies.

The analysis items below are intended to provide regions and municipalities with an overview of their current energy use, and with a sense of the trajectories and pace of change needed to meet targets, which can be translated into concrete actions in the *Pathways* standards below. Targets provide regions and municipalities with milestones or checkpoints along the way toward a path of meeting 90% of their total energy needs with renewable energy, and can be compared with the potential renewable energy generation from areas identified as potentially suitable in the *Mapping* standards exercise below to give regions and municipalities a sense of their ability to accommodate renewable energy that would meet their needs.

4. Does your plan's energy element contain an analysis of resources, needs,	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
scarcities, costs, and problems within the municipality across all energy sectors			
(electric, thermal, transportation)?			
5. Does your plan contain an analysis that addresses A-E below, either as provided	□ Yes-	□ No	Page:
by your Regional Planning Commission or as developed by your municipality?	Region		Paragraph #:
Municipalities may meet this standard by using the analysis and targets provided by	□ Yes-		
their regions, or by developing their own analyses and targets. If using the analysis &	Custom		
targets provided by your region, please answer "Yes-Region" and skip ahead to #6. If			

		oing a custom analysis, please answer "Yes-Custom" and address 5A-5E tely, below.			
	A.	Does the plan estimate current energy use across transportation, heating, and electric sectors?	□ Yes	□ No	Page: Paragraph #:
	В.	Does the plan establish 2025, 2035, and 2050 targets for thermal and electric efficiency improvements, and use of renewable energy for transportation, heating, and electricity?	□ Yes	□ No	Page: Paragraph #:
	C.	Does the plan evaluate the amount of thermal-sector conservation, efficiency, and conversion to alternative heating fuels needed to achieve these targets?	□ Yes	□ No	Page: Paragraph #:
	D.	Does the plan evaluate transportation system changes and land use strategies needed to achieve these targets?	□ Yes	□ No	Page: Paragraph #:
ĺ	E.	Does the plan evaluate electric-sector conservation and efficiency needed to achieve these targets?	□ Yes	□ No	Page: Paragraph #:

Pathways (Implementation Actions) Standards

This section examines whether plans meet the Act 174 expectation that they include pathways and recommended actions to achieve the targets identified through the *Analysis and Targets* section of the Standards (above). Plans are expected to include or otherwise address all of the pathways (implementation actions) below; some actions may not be applicable or equally relevant to all applicants (small vs. large municipalities, for instance), in which case N/A may be checked (if available) and the justification provided in the Notes column. There is no penalty for choosing N/A one or more times, as long as a reasonable justification is provided in the Notes column, preferably including an explanation of how the plan alternatively achieves attainment of the targets should be included. If N/A is not provided as an option, the standard must be met, and "Yes" must be checked, in order for the plan to meet the requirements for a determination (unless the instructions particular to that standard indicate otherwise).

DPS will be issuing a guidance document in the near term providing potential implementation actions derived from the Comprehensive Energy Plan (relevant formal Recommendations as well as opportunities not specifically called out as Recommendations), from recent regional and municipal plans, and from other sources. The guidance document will be revised after the regions have compiled best practices from early municipalities pursuing energy planning to seek a determination of energy compliance, in the summer of 2017.

For the time being, we offer potential implementation action options for consideration as italicized text under each standard. Plans are encouraged to promote as diverse a portfolio of approaches as possible in each sector, or if not, to explain why they take a more targeted approach. Implementation actions may fit best in a holistic discussion contained within a plan's energy element, though cross-referencing to other relevant plan elements is also acceptable.

Municipalities must demonstrate a commitment to achieving each standard in both policies and implementation measures in clear, action-oriented language.

6. Doe s	s your plan's energy element contain a statement of policy on the	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
conser	vation and efficient use of energy?			Paragraph #:
A.	Does the plan encourage conservation by individuals and organizations?	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
	(Actions could include educational activities and events such as convening or			Paragraph #:
	sponsoring weatherization workshops, establishing local energy committees,			
	encouraging the use of existing utility and other efficiency and conservation			
	programs and funding sources, etc.)			
В.	Does the plan promote efficient buildings?	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
	(Actions could include promoting compliance with residential and			Paragraph #:
	commercial building energy standards for new construction and existing			
	buildings, including additions, alterations, renovations and repairs;			
	promoting the implementation of residential and commercial building			
	efficiency ratings and labeling; considering adoption of stretch codes, etc.)			
C.	Does the plan promote decreased use of fossil fuels for heating?	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
	(Actions and policies could promote switching to wood, liquid biofuels,			Paragraph #:
	biogas, geothermal, and/or electricity. Suitable devices include advanced			
	wood heating systems and cold-climate heat pumps, as well as use of more			
	energy efficient heating systems; and identifying potential locations for, and			
	barriers to, deployment of biomass district heating and/or thermal-led			
	combined heat and power systems in the municipality)			
D.	Does the plan demonstrate the municipality's leadership by example with	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
	respect to the efficiency of municipal buildings?		□ N/A	Paragraph #:
	(Actions could include building audits and weatherization projects in schools			
	and town offices, etc.)			
E.	Other (please use the notes section to describe additional approaches that	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
	your municipality is taking)		□ N/A	Paragraph #:
	s your plan's energy element contain a statement of policy on reducing	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
•	ortation energy demand and single-occupancy vehicle use, and encouraging			Paragraph #:
	renewable or lower-emission energy sources for transportation?			
A.	Does the plan encourage increased use of public transit?	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
	(Actions could include participation in efforts to identify and develop new		□ N/A	Paragraph #:
	public transit routes, promote full utilization of existing routes, integrate			
	park-and-rides with transit routes, etc.)			
В.	Does the plan promote a shift away from single-occupancy vehicle trips,	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
	through strategies appropriate to the municipality?			Paragraph #:

	(Actions could include rideshare, vanpool, car-sharing initiatives; efforts to develop or increase park-and-rides; enhancement of options such as rail and			
	telecommuting; education; intergovernmental cooperation; etc.)			
C.	Does the plan promote a shift away from gas/diesel vehicles to electric or other non-fossil fuel transportation options through strategies appropriate to the municipality? (Actions could include promoting the installation of electric vehicle charging infrastructure, providing education and outreach to potential users, supporting non-fossil fuel vehicle availability through outreach to vehicle dealers, etc.)	□ Yes	□ No	Page: Paragraph #:
D.	Does the plan facilitate the development of walking and biking infrastructure through strategies appropriate to the municipality? (Actions could include studying, planning for, seeking funding for, or implementing improvements that encourage safe and convenient walking and biking; adopting a "Complete Streets" policy, etc.)	□ Yes	□ No □ N/A	Page: Paragraph #:
E.	Does the plan demonstrate the municipality's leadership by example with respect to the efficiency of municipal transportation? (Actions could include purchasing energy efficient municipal and fleet vehicles when practicable, installing electric vehicle charging infrastructure, etc.)	□ Yes	□ No □ N/A	Page:Paragraph #:
F.	Other (please use the notes section to describe additional approaches that your municipality is taking)	□ Yes	□ No □ N/A	Page: Paragraph #:
	s your plan's energy element contain a statement of policy on patterns and es of land use likely to result in conservation of energy?	□ Yes	□ No	Page:Paragraph #:
A.	Does the plan include land use policies (and descriptions of current and future land use categories) that demonstrate a commitment to reducing sprawl and minimizing low-density development? (Actions could include adopting limited sewer service areas, maximum building sizes along highways, policies or zoning that require design features that minimize the characteristics of strip development [multiple stories, parking lot to the side or back of the store], and requirements that development in those areas be connected by means other than roads and cars; adopting a capital budget and program that furthers land use and transportation policies; etc.)	□ Yes	□ No	Page:Paragraph #:
В.	Does the plan strongly prioritize development in compact, mixed-use centers when physically feasible and appropriate to the use of the development, or identify steps to make such compact development more	□ Yes	□ No □ N/A	Page: Paragraph #:

	feasible?			
	(Actions could include participating in the state designation program, such as			
	obtaining state designated village centers, downtowns, neighborhoods, new			
	town centers, or growth centers; exploration of water or sewage solutions			
	that enable compact development; etc.)			
C.	Other (please use the notes section to describe additional approaches that	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
	your municipality is taking)		□ N/A	Paragraph #:
9. Doe s	s your plan's energy element contain a statement of policy on the	□ Yes	□ No	
develo	pment and siting of renewable energy resources?			
A.	Does the plan evaluate (estimates of or actual) generation from existing	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
	renewable energy generation in the municipality?			Paragraph #:
	Municipalities should be able to obtain this information from their regions.			
В.	Does the plan analyze generation potential, through the mapping exercise	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
	(see Mapping standards, below), to determine potential from preferred and			Paragraph #:
	potentially suitable areas in the municipality?			
	Municipalities should be able to obtain this information from their regions.			
C.	Does the plan identify sufficient land in the municipality for renewable	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
	energy development to reasonably reach 2050 targets for renewable electric		□ N/A	Paragraph #:
	generation, based on population and energy resource potential (from			
	potential resources identified in the Mapping exercise, below), accounting			
	for the fact that land may not be available due to private property			
	constraints, site-specific constraints, or grid-related constraints?			
	If N/A, please describe how you are working with your regional planning			
	commission to ensure overall regional objectives are achieved.			
D.	Does the plan ensure that any local constraints (locally designated resources	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
	or critical resources, from 12B and 12C under <i>Mapping</i> , below) do not		□ N/A	Paragraph #:
	prohibit or have the effect of prohibiting the provision of sufficient			
	renewable energy to meet state, regional, or municipal targets?			
	If N/A, please describe how you are working with your regional planning			
	commission to ensure overall regional objectives are achieved.			
E.	Does the plan include statements of policy to accompany maps (could	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
	include general siting guidelines), including statements of policy to			Paragraph #:
	accompany any preferred, potential, and unsuitable areas for siting			
	generation (see 12 and 13 under <i>Mapping</i> , below)?			
F.	Does the plan maximize the potential for renewable generation on preferred	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
	locations (such as the categories outlined under 12E in the Mapping		□ N/A	Paragraph #:
	standards, below)?			

G. Does the plan demonstrate the municipality's	s leadership by example v	vith 🗆 Ye	es 🗆 No	Pa	ge:	_	
respect to the deployment of renewable ene	rgy?		□ N/A	A Pai	ragraph #:	_	
(Actions could include deploying renewable e	nergy to offset municipal						
electric use, etc.)							
H. Other (please use the notes section to descri	be additional approaches	that 🗆 Ye	es 🗆 No	,	ge:	_	
your municipality is taking)			□ N/A	A Pai	ragraph #:	-	
	Mapping	; Standards					
Act 174 requires plans to identify potential areas for	the development and siting	ng of renewal	ole energy r	esources	s and areas that are ur	nsuitable for siting tho	se
resources or particular categories or sizes of those re	sources. It furthermore re	equires that t	he standard	ls addres	s the potential genera	ation from the potentia	al
siting areas.							
The Mapping standards lay out a sequence of steps for							
renewable energy development, and to identify likely							
map layers. The maps should help municipalities visu		_					
and 2050 targets from the Analysis and Targets stand							
meet the municipality's needs. DPS will provide addit	cional guidance to accomp	pany the stand	dards that fl	leshes ou	ut the steps, layers, an	id standards more fully	у.
					111	1 .1 . 1 . 1	
Plans must include maps that address all of the stand		•	-				
not applicable or relevant should be provided in the I	_	•					
to regions by DPS), and to then break out the maps for	•				•		aras
(such "municipalization" work is being supported through the latest the state of th					PS and regions, and all	regions must supply	
completed maps to their municipalities by April 30, 2	017, though many are exp	sected to do s	so much soc	oner).			
Municipalities may shoose to rely on the mans provide	dad by the regions to mae	st tha standar	da in this co	ation Th	aco mans should be s	omowhat familiar ta	
Municipalities may choose to rely on the maps provid	·				•		
municipalities, who are expected to be consulted as a			-				
according to the same set of standards as regions. Ac		are expected	to work coi	iaborativ	vely with their regions	and with neighboring	
municipalities to ensure compatibility between the fi	nai products.						
The map and the text describing the policies or rules	used to construct the ma	n as well as t	ha tavt das	crihing cr	nacific nolicies annlica	hle to man features	
should be complementary. That should help ensure t							n
the context of a particular project review under 30 V.	•		•	•	~ ~		
the area in which a project is proposed.	J.A. 3 240 are clearly luci	itiliable ili tili	text, silou	ια α πιαμ	rack sufficient clarity	or granulatity regardin	'S
10. Does your plan contain one or more maps that a	ddress 11-13 helow as	□ Yes-	□ No	Page:			
1 10. Does your plan contain one or more maps that a	adicos II IS below, as	_ IC3		1 ugc			

Region

provided by your Regional Planning Commission or as developed by your

municipality?

Paragraph #:____

Municipalities may meet this standard by using the maps provided by their regions, or by developing their own maps. If using the maps provided by your region, please answer "Yes-Region" and skip ahead to #14. If developing custom maps, please answer "Yes-Custom" and address 11-13 separately, below.	□ Yes- Custom		
11. Does the plan identify and map existing electric generation sources? Maps may depict generators of all sizes or just those larger than 15 kW, as long as information on generators smaller than 15 kW is summarized and provided or referenced elsewhere. It is expected that the best available information at the time of plan creation will be used. This information is available from the DPS.	□ Yes	□ No □ N/A	Page: Paragraph #:
12. Does the plan identify potential areas for the development and siting of renewable energy resources and the potential generation from such generators in the identified areas, taking into account factors including resource availability, environmental constraints, and the location and capacity of electric grid infrastructure? Maps should include the following (available from VCGI and ANR), and the resulting Prime and Secondary Resource Maps will together comprise "potential areas":	□ Yes	□ No	Page: Paragraph #:
A. Raw renewable energy potential analysis (wind and solar), using best available data layers (including LiDAR as appropriate)	□ Yes	□ No	Page: Paragraph #:
B. Known constraints (signals likely, though not absolute, unsuitability for development based on statewide or local regulations or designated critical resources) to include: • Vernal Pools (confirmed and unconfirmed layers) • DEC River Corridors • FEMA Floodways • State-significant Natural Communities and Rare, Threatened, and Endangered Species • National Wilderness Areas • Class 1 and Class 2 Wetlands (VSWI and advisory layers) • Regionally or Locally Identified Critical Resources If areas are constrained for the development of renewable energy due to the desire to protect a locally designated critical resource (whether a natural resource or a community-identified resource), then the land use policies applicable to other forms of development in this area must	□ Yes	□ No	Page:Paragraph #:

	be similarly restrictive; for this category, policies must prohibit all permanent development (and should be listed in the Notes column). These areas should be subtracted from raw renewable energy resource potential maps to form Secondary Resource Maps			
C.	Possible constraints (signals conditions that would likely require mitigation, and which may prove a site unsuitable after site-specific study, based on statewide or regional/local policies that are currently adopted or in effect), including but not limited to: • Agricultural Soils • FEMA Special Flood Hazard Areas • Protected Lands (State fee lands and private conservation lands) • Act 250 Agricultural Soil Mitigation areas • Deer Wintering Areas • ANR's Vermont Conservation Design Highest Priority Forest Blocks (or Habitat Blocks 9 & 10, for plans using regional maps in regions whose plans will be submitted for adoption at the regional level by March 1, 2017) • Hydric Soils • Regionally or Locally Identified Resources If locations are constrained for the development of renewable energy due to the desire to protect a locally designated resource (whether a natural resource or community-identified resource, like a view), then the land use policies applicable to other forms of development must be similarly restrictive (and should be listed in the Notes column). These areas should be subtracted from Secondary Resource Maps to form Prime Resource Maps.	□ Yes	□ No	Page:Paragraph #:
D.	Transmission and distribution resources and constraints, as well as transportation infrastructure. (Including three-phase distribution lines, known constraints from resources such as Green Mountain Power's solar map, known areas	□ Yes	□ No	Page: Paragraph #:
	of high electric load, etc.)			

E. Preferred locations (specific areas or parcels) for siting a generator or a specific size or type of generator, accompanied by any specific siting criteria for these locations Narrative descriptions of the types of preferred areas in accompanying plan text are acceptable, though mapping of areas and especially specific parcels (to the extent they are known) is highly encouraged, to signal preferences to developers, particularly for locally preferred areas and specific parcels that do not qualify as a statewide preferred location under i. below. The locations identified as preferred must not be impractical for developing a technology with regard to the presence of the renewable resource and access to transmission/distribution infrastructure.	□ Yes	□ No □ N/A	Page:Paragraph #:
 i. Statewide preferred locations such as rooftops (and other structures), parking lots, previously developed sites, brownfields, gravel pits, quarries, and Superfund sites 	□ Yes	□ No □ N/A	Page: Paragraph #:
ii. Other potential locally preferred locations For example, customer on- or near-site generation, economic development areas, unranked and not currently farmed agricultural soils, unused land near already developed infrastructure, locations suitable for large-scale biomass district heat or thermal-led cogeneration, potential locations for biogas heating and digesters, etc. These are particularly important to map if possible, as "a specific location in a duly adopted municipal plan" is one way for a net metering project to qualify as being on a preferred site.	□ Yes	□ No □ N/A	Page: Paragraph #:
13. Does the plan identify areas that are unsuitable for siting renewable energy resources or particular categories or sizes of those resources? Either Yes or No ("No" if the plan chooses not to designate any areas as unsuitable) is an acceptable answer here. "Resources" is synonymous with "generators."	☐ Yes ("Yes" for A and B must also be selected below)	□ No	Page: Paragraph #:
A. Are areas identified as unsuitable for particular categories or sizes of generators consistent with resource availability and/or land use policies in the regional or municipal plan applicable to other types of	□ Yes	□ No □ N/A (if no unsuita	Page: Paragraph #:

land development (answer only required if "Yes" selected above,		ble	
indicating unsuitable areas have been identified)?		areas	
If areas are considered unsuitable for energy generation, then the		are	
land use policies applicable to other forms of development in this		identifie	
area should similarly prohibit other types of development. Please		d)	
note these policies in the Notes column.		ω,	
B. Does the plan ensure that any regional or local constraints	□ Yes	□ No	Page:
, , ,	□ 1E3		
(regionally or locally designated resources or critical resources, from			Paragraph #:
12b-12c above) identified are supported through data or studies, are			
consistent with the remainder of the plan, and do not include an			
arbitrary prohibition or interference with the intended function of			
any particular renewable resource size or type?			
Please explain in the Notes column.			
14. Municipalities seeking a determination of energy compliance from the	☐ Yes (also	□ No	Page:
Department and not using their region's maps only: Does the plan	check Yes		Paragraph #:
ensure that its approach, if applied regionally, would not have the effect	if seeking		
of prohibiting any type of renewable generation technology in all	determina		
locations?	tion from		
	region, or		
	from DPS		
	but using		
	region-		
	provided		
	maps)		

Introduction to the Act 174 Regional and Municipal Energy Planning Standards

What is Act 174?

Vermont has a long history of both land use and energy planning. As Vermont has experienced the growth in renewable energy generation as one of the state's largest new land uses, the need for integration of energy planning with land use planning has grown Both the Governor's Energy Generation Siting Policy Commission (2013) and the Solar Siting Task Force (2015) recommended establishing a paradigm of enhanced energy planning integrated with land use planning. Informed by those recommendations, Act 174 of 2016 establishes a new set of municipal and regional energy planning standards, which if met allow those plans to carry greater weight in the siting process for energy generation.

Integrated Land Use & Energy Planning

Towns and regions have experience with, and see the direct local impacts of, land use planning. This includes planning for shared and beneficial infrastructure of many kinds, such as roads and industrial and commercial developments. Energy infrastructure, including generators, similarly serves a public purpose, while also creating both costs and benefits that are not distributed evenly.

Energy planning is not just about electricity generation, however. Over half of Vermont's energy use is for heat and transportation, and local and regional decisions regarding buildings, roads, and other built infrastructure also have significant energy implications. For example, building a home or commercial building in a particular location will have implications for the energy required to travel to and from that building for decades. Given the pressing economic and environmental challenges associated with the use of fossil fuels, all aspects of planning must be undertaken with energy implications in mind.

Municipal and regional planning that addresses all of these factors will improve Vermonters' quality of life. Act 174 provides an opportunity for regions and municipalities – from the planning commissions and selectboards to energy committees and citizens – to shape and inform their own energy future, as well as the energy future of the entire state.

Voluntary Process

Act 174 expands the basic requirements for regional energy planning, but its primary thrust is voluntary: municipalities and regions which plan to the enhanced standard envisioned by the Act will receive substantial deference before the Public Service Board with respect to both land conservation measures and specific policies included in their plans, when the Board looks at the orderly development criterion. Municipalities and regions that do not have enhanced plans continue to receive due consideration for those plans.

In order to demonstrate that enhanced energy plans meet the bar for receiving substantial deference, the plans must be judged against a set of published standards. These standards are designed to allow municipalities and regions to show that their plans have taken a close look at energy in their community, have considered energy used for buildings and transportation, analyzed their current and future energy

use, and planned carefully in alignment with state energy policy for the land use needs of energy generation.

As is the case for all elements of regional plans, municipalities may adopt all or a portion of their regional plan as part of their municipal plan. However, because the roles of municipal and regional plans are different, there are distinct standards for regional and municipal plans that must still be met if this approach is adopted. It is anticipated that even if this approach is not taken, regions and municipalities will work hand-in-hand to develop complementary plans, and that regions will provide technical assistance (including analyses and maps that meet the standards) to their municipalities.

Substantial Deference

Substantial deference as defined by Act 174, and used in the Section 248 process, provides towns and regions a strong voice in determining where energy projects should, and should not, be sited. The Act defines substantial deference as: "a land conservation measure or specific policy shall be applied in accordance with its terms unless there is a clear and convincing demonstration that other factors affecting the general good of the State outweigh the application of the measure or policy." Note that this definition is more specific than that used in Section 248a proceedings regarding communication facilities (such as cellular telephone towers), which allows plans' land conservation measures to be overcome by "good cause to find otherwise." Substantial deference in the Section 248 process does not, however, mean that the municipal or regional plan carries the weight of zoning or permitting; zoning bylaws may not regulate projects regulated under Section 248.

Plan Review

The Department of Public Service is required to evaluate regional plans submitted for a determination of energy compliance against the standards published here. In regions in which the regional plan has received an affirmative determination, the regional planning commission is then expected to evaluate municipal plans. Municipal plans must have been approved by their regional planning commission in order to be eligible for an affirmative determination. Until July 1, 2018, municipalities located in regions that have not received an affirmative determination may submit their plans directly to the Department of Public Service for a determination. In the event of an appeal of the Department's decision to deny a determination to a region (or, until July 1, 2018, a municipality), the Natural Resources Board will hear the appeal.

What are "Determination Standards for Energy Compliance?"

The attached regional and municipal determination standards are constructed as a checklist-based application form. It is the Department's hope that by structuring the standards in this way, municipalities and regions will be able to clearly make the case for a determination on the same structure that the Department and regions will use to evaluate them. The standards measure whether the submitted plan meets the statutory requirements for enhanced energy planning and demonstrates local commitment toward meeting the state's energy goals.

When submitting a plan for determination, a municipality or region will address each item on the checklist in turn, marking it as Yes, No, or (when available) Not Applicable. If Not Applicable is not available as an option, the standard must be marked "Yes" in order for the plan to receive an affirmative determination of energy compliance (unless the instructions under the standard itself indicate

otherwise). If Not Applicable is checked (when available), the region or municipality should provide a reasonable justification in the Notes column. The checklist provides an opportunity to identify the specific location(s) within the plan that the Department or region should refer to when verifying that the plan meets the standards. There is also an opportunity for the submitting town or region to provide additional explanatory notes.

Energy Element in the Context of the Whole Plan

Given the pervasive nature and impact of energy on other land uses and resources, and their impact on energy, the determination standards are generally considered to apply to the entirety of the submitted plan, not only to the energy element. For example, land use planning that guides future development has an impact on transportation energy use, so the determination standards need to review those land use elements. In practice, regional plans and municipal plans that have been approved by their RPC are likely to have many of the components outside of the energy element already in place, and most (if not all) amendments to meet the standards are likely to be made in the energy element. The review in the standards context will focus on consistency (demonstrated through cross-referencing) between the enhanced energy element and the remainder of the plan, which should also be of importance to planners in the context of how the plan will be used in the Section 248 process (which references "land conservation measures and specific policies").

Standards Structure

The standards are divided into three parts: Analysis & Targets, Pathways, and Mapping. Analysis & Targets standards are meant to demonstrate the town's or region's understanding of the magnitude of the changes in the energy sector that will be required to meet the state's energy and climate goals, and to create waypoints between the present and the planned-for future. Pathways, or Implementation Actions, provide an opportunity for the identification of specific strategies and actions to meet targets that are appropriate for regions or towns and consistent with the actions required to meet statewide goals. Mapping turns the attention to the overlap of energy infrastructure planning with land use planning in the context of the targets, including the generation potential for electricity and other useful energy from various sources. Plans are required to identify potential areas for the development and siting of renewable energy resources and are also expected to identify any unsuitable areas. This geographic analysis will enable the comparison of the energy that can be generated on potential and preferred sites with the energy required to meet energy goals over time. Given that siting decisions depend on the independent actions of developers and landowners, plans are expected to show that potential sites significantly exceed the required area to meet state goals.

Regional Energy Planning Underway

Each of the expected planning evaluation components is reflected in planning work already underway by the regions under contract to the Department. This work provides a foundation and a head start both for the finalization of regional plans and for municipalities as they begin their enhanced planning activity. The Department hopes that municipalities will work closely with their regions in order to increase consistency and compatibility and to reduce total planning effort.

As discussed below, the Department expects to publish guidance to accompany these standards shortly after final publication. In the meantime, text in *italics* in the standards provides context that will eventually move into the separate guidance document.

Importance of Plans in Net Metering

There is the possibility of a useful nexus between the municipal planning required for a determination of energy compliance and the <u>Public Service Board's proposed net metering rule</u> (PSB Rule 5.100), which will become effective at the start of 2017. That rule establishes a financial incentive for 15-500 kW generators to be located on preferred sites, and one of the ways a site may be identified as preferred is if it is identified in the town plan. Town-designated preferred sites may be one of the few pathways to develop projects larger than 150 kW. The combination of the updated Rule 5.100 and the mapping that towns will do as part of enhanced energy planning could give towns a significant ability to shape where net metering development happens. On a more general level, towns and regions that identify preferred, potential, and unsuitable sites will provide a green/yellow/red signal to developers regarding the challenges of developing on particular sites.

Recommendations

Along with the determination standards, the Department is also publishing a set of recommendations from the 2016 Comprehensive Energy Plan (CEP), tailored to local and regional action. In order to receive a determination of energy compliance, a municipal or regional plan must be consistent with the "recommendations for regional and municipal energy planning pertaining to the efficient use of energy and the siting and development of renewable energy resources contained in the State energy plans adopted pursuant to 30 V.S.A. 14 §§ 202 and 202b." The "State energy plans" are contained in the 2016 CEP, but at the time of its drafting the CEP was not crafted with this use in mind. As a result, certain general recommendations that apply to all levels of government, and to the public as a whole, were not specifically identified as pertaining to regional or municipal energy planning. In order to address this mismatch, these standards are accompanied by this modified set of CEP recommendations, which are expected to be expanded upon in the guidance discussed below.

Future CEPs will have these recommendations integrated directly and identified specifically, at which point they will become more integrated with the standards. The state updates its Comprehensive Energy Plan every six years, while municipal and regional plans are updated every eight years. Town and regional planning conducted before the next CEP is developed (in 2021-2) will inform both the determination standards accompanying that plan and the recommendations of the plan itself.

Training & Technical Assistance; Guidance

Following the publication of the final standards and recommendations by November 1, 2016, the Department will produce guidance materials for municipalities and regions. This guidance will flesh out components of the standards, provide example strategies and actions, and include example plan text.

Act 174 provides funding for RPCs to provide technical assistance to municipalities which choose to pursue enhanced energy planning. This will include at least two training opportunities in each region. Regions will also be providing additional resources:

- Regions will provide town-specific analyses and maps that will enable municipalities to easily meet the Analysis & Targets and Mapping standards if used;
- Regions will be offering in-depth technical assistance to at least three towns apiece

• Regions will be compiling best practice language from those efforts, which will aid municipalities

in meeting the Pathways standards.

CENTRAL VERMONT REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION Town Plan Review Committee Draft Minutes

October 9, 2018 at 5:45pm Central Vermont Chamber of Commerce (Lower Level Conference Room), 963 Paine Turnpike N., Berlin, Vermont 05602

Committee Members:

×	Bill Arrand, Worcester
×	Lee Cattaneo, Orange Commissioner
×	Ron Krauth, Middlesex Commissioner
×	Joyce Manchester, Moretown Alternate Commissioner
×	Jan Ohlsson, Calais Alternate Commissioner
	Karla Nuissl, Berlin Alternate Commissioner (Alternate Seat)

Staff: Clare Rock

Town representatives: Jonathan Williams, Marshfield PC Chair; Melissa Seiffert, Marshfield PC and

3 CVRPC Rep

CALL TO ORDER

The meeting was called to order by Bill Arrand, Vice Chair at 6:06 pm.

CHANGES TO THE AGENDA

The following changes to the agenda were proposed an accepted: After item #5 (confirmation and approval of the town plan), add: review of CVRPC memo dated October 5, review the minutes of the last meeting and review the requested info submitted from Berlin. Plus approve the minutes from the October 4, 2018 (not the September 10, 2018 minutes.).

PUBLIC COMMENTS

None.

PUBLIC HEARING: APPROVAL OF THE TOWN OF MARSHFIELD MUNICIPAL PLAN AND CONFIRMATION OF THE LOCAL PLANNING PROCESS

Motion by Krauth to open the public hearing, seconded by Ohlsson, all in favor. Motion carried.

Jonathan Williams, Marshfield PC Chair presented the plan, which was approved by the PC and adopted by SB. He added that this could not have been accomplished with the help by the CVRPC. There wasn't a great deal of substantive changes, and the PC expects to go back to the town plan to incorporate the enhanced energy plan and to voluntarily comply with Act 174. This will require collaboration with the energy committee and a town plan update in the near future. Williams added that the majority of the town is conserved (approx. 80%) and it's hard to find the balance between allowing for new development and conservation.

Staff indicated that the staff found it met the requirements, yet staff found some of the information was

outdated, such as 2000 census data and references to the 2008 buildout. Seiffert indicated there isn't much new data out there and that the buildout hasn't been updated. Rock indicated that building permit data was reported from 2012 and nothing more recent. The town is experiencing a population decrease like much of Vermont. With population decreasing the Town recognizes the approach to goals may need to shift but the overall goals remain the same. The Town would like the plan to adopted and approved so they can adopt some zoning changes. The PC envisions a potential change the zoning map, so it could allow for additional growth, because it is currently very constrained.

Cattaneo asked if the town has considered expanding the Village Center area. There is interest in town as there is town water and sewer capacity, water and sewer rates are high because there are not many new users. There are local concerns about the Marshfield dam. Ohlsson asked about the timeline for implementation and suggested the town consider adding responsible parties and a timeframe to each of the identified strategies. She specifically asked about the timeline for the zoning changes. The PC also mentioned they have recently worked on a noise ordinance.

a. CONFIRMATION OF THE TOWN OF MARSHFIELD MUNICIPAL PLANNING PROCESS b. APPROVAL OF THE TOWN OF MARSHFIELD MUNICIPAL PLAN

Krauth made a motion to recommend approval of the plan, seconded by Cattaneo, all in favor. Motion carried.

Ohlsson made a motion to recommend confirmation of the plan, seconded by Manchester, all in favor. Motion carried.

Manchester moved to close the hearing, seconded by Ohlsson, all in favor. Motion carried.

REVIEW MEMOS DATED OCTOBER 5, 2018, REVIEW OCTOBER 5, 2018 DRAFT MINUTES, REVIEW SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SUBMITTED BY BERLIN.

Staff provided an overview of why the memo was being drafted and when it was drafted. Executive Committee requested memos to be submitted ahead of the Commission meeting regarding town plan hearings the recommendations of the committee. Following the Berlin Hearing staff drafted the memos which were handed out and have been provided to Commissioners. Clarification was made about Berlin's efforts within their proposed zoning to demonstrate progress toward the childcare and education goals.

The Committee reviewed the motions which were made a previous meeting (as contained within the October 5, 2018 draft minutes.) And then reviewed the Berlin submittal which was the baseline data on childcare and Vocational Education. This information will be kept with the RPC.

RULES OF PROCEDURE & COMMITTEE PROCESS

Discussion continued about measuring progress and how the RPC will measure this. AS this is a farily new requirements this will be the beinging pont of which we'll have to start measuring. One way to do this will be to have the town document how they are making progress during the consutation process (2x within the 8-yeat plan cycle) and seeing what action items from their town plans they are able to check off next time the plan is adopted.

Ohlsson mentioned the RPC housing distribution plan and it's troubling. Plus the changes to the school

consolidation requirements. Discussion followed about the challenges and the changing trends in Vermont, due to decreased population in areas outside of the Burlington area. Plus the recognition that small towns are losing economic generators and people becoming more disconnected to the towns they live in.

Committee members asked about a clarification of the status of the Regional Energy Plan – do we have substantial deference. Or does this just give us the authority to certify. And why couldn't Orange just adopt the Regional Energy Plan? Rock will clarify the answers at the next meeting. Ohlsson would like to meet in between, before the Waterbury Hearing.

APPROVAL OF MINUTES

Review of the October 5 Minutes.

Cattaneo made a motion to approve the minutes, seconded by Ohlsson, all in favor. Motion carried.

ADJOURNMENT

Cattaneo made a motion to adjourn, seconded by Krauth, all in favor. Motion carried.

Cattaneo will be away in November.